The Internet in Australia

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The Internet in Australia

The Evolutionary Path
The Current Environment
Futures.....





Initiative to create a national university network Australian Vice-Chancellors' Committee program Multiprotocol design Seed funding from Australian Research Council 56Kbps link Melbourne - Hawaii

The Starting Point...

- the enthusiasts anything that can be made to work
 cheaply!
 - university and research base computing departments
 - Messaging services interfacing to the Internet
 - UUCP, dial-IP, ACSnet
 - specialised knowledge and high enthusiasm
 - distributed expertise with no management framework
 - Cannot scale easily beyond hundreds (or low thousands)
 of users



Academic and Research Networks

- Emerging commitment to Internet access
- National Academic and Research Internet
 - university based
 - government funding support
 - non-commercial
 - no visible telco interest
- strong content emphasis
 - library funding a strong driver in this phase



1990 - Implementation



AARNet

Initial Network Roll-out 48Kbps national network using star topology TCP/IP and DECnet protocol support 2Mbps Melbourne - Canberra - Sydney 38 sites - universities academic and research funding base 128Kbps link - Melbourne - Hawaii email, usenet, ftp

1991 - Academic Network



AARNet +

Resale to academic and research partners 2Mbps links to Brisbane, Adelaide TCP/IP Internet network academic and research funding base 256Kbps link - Melbourne - US West Coast email, usenet, ftp, gopher, wais library uptake in information resource activities

Expansion

Scaling pressures increase

pressure to service A & R fringes

- governmental bodies
- schools

– commercial entities working in areas common with A & R

- fixed funding and strong dynamic growth
 - network outgrows its available funding base
 - pressures to commercialise to cross subsidise A & R networking growth





AARNet +

Commercial resellers of Internet dial access Research Data Network funding initiative 768Kbps link - Melbourne - US West Coast email, usenet, ftp, gopher, wais multicast audio/video conferencing experiments

US Commercial Internet takes shape

Internet Startups

pressure to resell academic and research network
 reduce A & R funding demands by on-selling

- multiple commercial providers
 - Iow entry cost and high perceived growth
 - outflow of skill set from A & R sector
- construction of distinct networks
 - issues of control over the platform
 - service market perceptions



1994 - Commercial Internets 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96

Multiple Australian Internet Service Providers Multiple Australia - US links 2Mbps total capacity The World Wide Web takes over the net!

US NSFNET program winds down to be replaced by a multi-provider US Internet

1995 - The National Internet 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96

Telstra purchases AARNet Australia - US capacity expanded to 10Mbps Dial Access providers expand:

Ozemail, Access One, connect.com.au, On Australia,.... Netscape dominates the Web market Internet Commerce viability

Inter-provider Interconnection issues surface in US



Australia - US capacity expanded to 50Mbps 450 Internet Service Providers Access market opens to include: cable isdn

Large scale telco investment in Internet markets Data communications market takes form



- telco involvement now visible !
- massive growth pressure on the Internet from a very large investment base
 - threatened activity bases move into the Internet
 - new electronic markets opened
 - new communications market opened





- A potentially revolutionary communications model
 BUT
 - anarchic administrative structure
 - rapid growth fatigue
 - stressed infrastructure
 - no coherent utility model



Today's Environment



- Deregulated Service Provider market
 - Iow entry price as an ISP
 - very active market
 - high variability in pricing and quality
 - poor levels of consumer awareness
 - high volatility in the marketplace
 - in general poorly financially resourced
 - Increased regulatory structure initiated through consumer protection initiatives ?



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- Backbone "wholesaler" and Access "retailer" model
 - will change as..
 - backbone providers enter the retail market
 - retailers band together to defend existing market share
 - new technologies impact on PSTN dial access model

Niche retail markets, opened through rapid market expansion, close as the expansion pace slackens off ?



Market demand exceeds capability of supply

- poor performance levels due to saturation of existing capacity
- change of growth patterns for communications
- existing supply systems are indicating signs of stress!

Market demand will continue to outpace supply rates for the next 3 - 5 years at least



Content and Advertising

- Is there a pay per view market?
- Is there a advertising market which can survive "fast forward" ?
- Will spamming jam email to the extent that public directories are withdrawn?
- Is there any moderating factor on behaviour?
- Advertising models will evolve the current match of the model to the medium is too poor to be effective



Electronic commerce

- where's the transaction?
- Where's the bank?
- Where's my money?
- Who pays the tax?
- Will the market grow faster than the regulators can regulate to save the current system?





+ INTEROP 96

Linear thinking in an Exponential World



Internet Futures



Near Term Futures

- marginalisation or expansion of existing commercial players as investment pressures are bought to bear
 - expansion rates open niche markets
 - these markets close down when growth rates stabilise, due to competitive price pressures
- Currently there are 460 Internet Service Providers in Australia



this number will probably decrease

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Futures - Internet / Telco

- Will the Internet drive out the telco voice business?
 - Voice over the Internet is technically feasible
 - Is widespread deployment a likely outcome?
 - Will service quality be a determinant factor?
 - How will existing phone players survive if the squeeze happens?
- This outcome is unlikely in the next 5 10 years. Longer term predictions are highly speculative!



Futures - Internet / Telco

- Can the Internet market survive the telco?
 - investment pressures
 - economies of scale
 - protection of value of existing assets
 - current asset holdings of communications infrastructure
 - historically regulatory position of the Telco



Futures - Technology

- Is there a single "killer application" for the Internet?
 - nope!
 - The Internet is FAR more versatile than that!
- Embedding communications and processing
 - the "Internet chip" as a base of new consumer products
- Internet market expansion based on expansion of consumer products which use digital communications



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Futures - Technology

- Can the Internet survive massive consumerism in technology terms?
 - fragmentation in address space
 - fragmentation in name space
 - scaling pressures in the routing space surpass available silicon
 - channel capacity pressures surpass available infrastructure
 - no service quality structure
 - fragmentation in connectivity space



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Futures - Technology

- What will it look like?
 - Boxes, Screens, Keyboards and Mice
 - Digital Assistants
 - Network Computers
 - Personal Communicators
 - Not just smart, but highly communicative plastic money cards
 - really well connected and well informed coffee makers



- workforce requirements
 - information literate
 - flexible
 - skill specialisation
- workforce profile largely achieved



- effective domestic communications infrastructure
 - restructuring may be necessary to achieve maximal potential from the existing infrastructure investment
 - strategically separate the provision of basic bit carriage from layered services of voice and data switching
 - Mix of public and private investment profiles may be necedssary to achieve effective infrastructure platform



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- Will national infastructure fall prey to:
 - international telco consortia?
 - Marginalization of smaller national markets
- Is this a politically tenable / stable outcome?



- effective international communications infrastructure
 - undersea cable systems under stress due to Internet expansion
 - rapid expansion of cable rollout plans
 - potential restructuring of international communications agreements



Futures - Social

- The Internet may drive a process of social change
 - alter the basis of economic wealth
 - alter the flows of information within society
 - Change the model of social structure
- It is unrealistic to anticipate a smooth transition...

